



Legislative
Information System

Biennial Report 2023-2024

April 1, 2025





STATE OF ILLINOIS

LEGISLATIVE INFORMATION SYSTEM

2023-2024

April 1, 2025

**TO THE MEMBERS OF
THE 104th GENERAL ASSEMBLY**

It is an honor to again submit the Biennial Report of the Legislative Information System (LIS). The System was created as a permanent service agency of the General Assembly in September 1977, and has carried on the tradition of providing information technology solutions to the Illinois General Assembly that was established by its predecessor agency, the Joint Committee on Legislative Information Systems. While much has changed in the field of information technology over the ensuing years, and the services provided and the means of providing them have changed, the Legislative Information System (LIS) has remained committed to its primary mission:

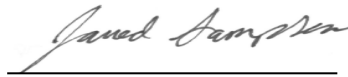
To apply information technology to the operations of the Illinois General Assembly to enable the legislative branch to perform its constitutional and statutory responsibilities.

This report presents an overview of LIS and the services it provides. It is submitted to the members of the General Assembly in accordance with the requirements of 25 ILCS 145/5.07 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

The systems used by the Illinois General Assembly are state-of-the-art and in the forefront of legislative information systems nationwide. The work done here is a model to other states and even other countries. More importantly, LIS continues to develop and enhance these systems as information technology progresses and provides opportunities to better serve the General Assembly.

I want to recognize and commend those who have made all this possible. I am proud of the staff we have at LIS and their abilities, efforts, and results. Their commitment to the Illinois General Assembly and our mission is evident in all they do. Not only are the services LIS provides the Illinois General Assembly among the leaders in this arena, our staff is second to none. I thank and applaud them for the success we have enjoyed.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Jarred Sampson", written in dark ink. The signature is fluid and stylized, with a long horizontal line extending from the end of the name.

*Jarred Sampson, Executive Director
Legislative Information System*

**LEGISLATIVE INFORMATION SYSTEM
BIENNIAL REPORT**

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BACKGROUND AND HISTORY

The Legislative Information System is a legislative service agency created by the Illinois General Assembly with the primary responsibility for providing information technology services to the General Assembly and its committees, commissions, and agencies.

The creation of the System can be traced directly to the recommendations made in 1967 by the Illinois Commission on the Organization of the General Assembly. That commission identified several areas where data processing could be applied to improve the accuracy and availability of information to the General Assembly.

In 1969, the Joint Committee on Legislative Information Systems was established by joint resolution to provide coordination and systematic application of data processing to the General Assembly's needs. In 1969, a bill status system and a statute retrieval system were implemented and effectively used, followed by a bill drafting system in 1971. These applications were supported by the Illinois Department of Finance in conjunction with the Joint Committee on Legislative Information Systems.

In 1975, the General Assembly authorized the creation of its own data processing staff under the jurisdiction of the Joint Committee. The dependence of the General Assembly on the Department of Finance for the actual computer support continued, but the development of the applications and the provision of equipment and support required by the General Assembly were provided by the Joint Committee on Legislative Information Systems.

A major step was taken to provide the data processing support required to improve the operations of the legislative branch when the Legislative Information System was created as a permanent service agency of the Illinois General Assembly in 1977. A legislative computer facility was constructed, and in January 1979, all legislative computer services were transferred there.

Since that time, the services and solutions offered by LIS have expanded and evolved with the needs of the General Assembly and developments in information technology. This includes providing and maintaining an extensive and sophisticated networking and data processing infrastructure for the legislative branch. It also includes a continually growing list of systems and applications used by the various components of the General Assembly (see **Services**).

DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Legislative Information System is under the direction of the Joint Committee of Legislative Support Services. The Legislative Commission Reorganization Act of 1984 established that the System report to the Joint Committee as a legislative support services agency. The System's primary responsibility is to provide information technology services to the General Assembly, its committees, commissions, and agencies.

Public Act 80-683 (effective September 16, 1977), Public Act 86-1324 (eff. September 6, 1990), and Public Act 90-666 (eff. July 30, 1998) created the System and established the following duties and responsibilities:

- Establish offices in the State complex and provide such services as are required by the General Assembly.
- Study and make recommendations concerning the application of information technology to the varied services required by the General Assembly.
- Implement the recommendations made in Item 2 above as directed by the General Assembly.
- Host the complete text of the Administrative Rules in electronic form and cooperate with the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules and the Secretary of State in making that text available for use in publication of the Illinois Register and the Illinois Administrative Code.
- Provide information technology services for the Legislative Reference Bureau, the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability, the Clerk of the House of Representatives, and the Secretary of the Senate. Services are provided to other General Assembly committees, boards, agencies, and commissions within the resources available to the Legislative Information System.
- Make legislative information available to the public via the Internet.

MISSION STATEMENT AND OBJECTIVES

Based on the statutory directives, a mission statement has been adopted by LIS that defines its purpose. From this statement, general objectives have been developed that result in the services that LIS currently provides, an organization that carries out those services effectively, and a plan for upgrading and enhancing those services.

MISSION STATEMENT

The mission of the Legislative Information System is to apply information technology to the operations of the Illinois General Assembly to enable the legislative branch to perform its constitutional and statutory responsibilities. This involves:

- Providing the necessary support to automate the operations of the General Assembly.
- Collecting, organizing, and providing the necessary information in a timely fashion to assist the legislative branch in making informed decisions.
- Providing a means to oversee the implementation of those decisions.
- Providing information to the public in order that they may be informed of the operations of the General Assembly.

OBJECTIVES

In keeping with the mission statement, the following objectives have been developed:

- Provide, maintain, and support the necessary hardware, software, and related infrastructure to enable the legislative branch to create, maintain, monitor, and utilize information related to its responsibilities.
- Research, recommend, and implement appropriate upgrades and enhancements to the information technology used by the legislative branch.
- Use the information technology provided to the legislative branch to provide legislative information to the public.

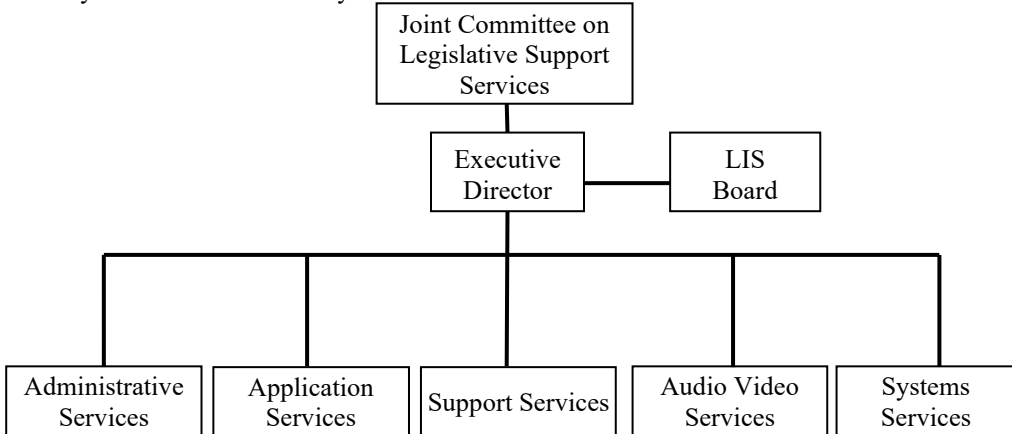
SERVICES

Following is a list of major applications developed, maintained, and supported by LIS:

- Legislative Drafting: Creation and maintenance of legislative documents.
- Enrolling and Engrossing: Processing of legislative documents.
- Legislation Tracking: Creation and maintenance of legislative status and history.
- Committee Clerk: Managing the committee process.
- Appointment Messages: Creation and tracking of appointment messages.
- Calendar: Preparation and maintenance of the daily session agendas.
- Journal: Preparation and maintenance of the journals of the House and the Senate.
- Debate Transcription: Preparation and maintenance of the transcripts of the proceedings of the House and the Senate.
- Digest: Preparation and maintenance of the Synopsis and Digest.
- Member Laptop System: Provision of legislative information to legislators.
- Voting: Provision for electronic voting in the chambers.
- A/V: Provision of audio and video services in the chambers.
- Reports: Preparation and publication of reports on legislation.
- Statutes Update: Maintenance of the Illinois Compiled Statutes database.
- Accounting: Processing and tracking of legislative branch funds in cooperation with the Comptroller's office.
- Property Control: Tracking of property belonging to legislative entities.
- Time Entry System: Tracking of employee time and attendance.
- Administrative Code: Used by the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules to maintain the administrative code database.
- Federal Grant Tracking: Used by the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability to track grants.
- Web site: Provision of public access to legislative information.
- OAC Parking: Used by OAC to manage legislative parking lots.

ORGANIZATION

In 1984, the Legislative Commission Reorganization Act designated the Legislative Information System as a commission directly responsible to the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services, which is composed of the President and Minority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House. As of 2014, the LIS board consists of the Clerk and Assistant Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary and Assistant Secretary of the Senate.



DESCRIPTIONS

- **Administrative Services:** Responsible for the fiscal and personnel operations of the agency. This section also works closely with other fiscal and personnel operations in the legislative branch and other agencies to coordinate accounting systems and reporting. Administrative Services is also responsible for the receipts and disbursements of the General Assembly Computer Equipment Revolving Fund.
- **Application Services:** Develops, maintains, and supports the various applications used by the General Assembly. This includes analyzing needs and requests, proposing solutions, and providing training.
- **Support Services:** Support all applications and services offered by the agency as well as training all support commission and staff on use of applications.
- **Audio Video Services:** Installs, maintains and supports the necessary infrastructure to broadcast committee hearings as well as session on the ILGA website and capitol complex.
- **Systems Services:** Installs, maintains, and supports the infrastructure (operating systems, back-end software, networks, and all hardware) that supports other functions of the agency. This includes monitoring performance and providing security.

CONTACT INFORMATION

General Information	217-782-3944
Administrative Services Manager	217-558-7643
Applications Services Manager	217-558-7617
Systems Services Manager	217-558-7625
Fax	217-557-8792
TDD	217-782-2050
Web site	www.ilga.gov
Mailing Address.....	705 Stratton Building, Springfield, IL 62706

PLANNING

The System's plan consists of a mission statement that provides a general statement of Legislative Information System goals. From this statement, general objectives have been developed that put the mission statement into specific productive outputs resulting in a multi-year work plan.

The major focus of LIS is on operating and maintaining the existing applications/networks while implementing enhancements and upgrades. All applications/networks are constantly evaluated for effectiveness and performance. Communication is maintained with users to ensure that all needed and desired service is being provided. Change requests are acknowledged, investigated, and evaluated; if accepted, resources are scheduled leading to development and implementation of the request. Hardware and software are constantly monitored and evaluated as well; if changes or upgrades are needed, they are implemented according to available resources and in conjunction with ongoing operations.

All implementations are prioritized and scheduled around legislative session to ensure the least likelihood of negative impact. Priorities and schedules are constantly in a state of flux and continually updated due to the sporadic schedule and changing needs of the General Assembly.

FINANCIAL REPORT

The following table presents the Legislative Information System expenditures, by item of expenditure, for fiscal years 2023 and 2024 and the appropriations for fiscal year 2025.

	Expended FY23	Expended FY24	Appropriated FY25
Personal Services	\$3,116,100	\$3,203,900	\$3,400,000
Employee Retirement-Pd by State	\$119,200	\$123,100	\$136,000
Retirement	\$0	\$0	\$0
Social Security	\$227,400	\$234,400	\$260,100
Contractual Services	\$447,600	\$548,400	\$867,000
Travel	\$0	\$1,900	\$5,400
Commodities	\$2100	\$3,300	\$3,000
Printing	\$0	\$0	\$1,500
Equipment	\$ 11,100	\$2,700	\$2,000
Electronic Data Processing	\$1,067,000	\$974,200	\$922,000
Telecommunications	\$149,200	\$190,000	\$303,000
General Revenues Session & Meetings	\$0	\$0	\$0
General Assembly-EDP	\$593,900	\$656,200	\$742,000
General Assembly Revolving Fund	\$1,800	\$1,500	\$1,600,000
Total	\$5,735,400	\$5,939,600	\$8,242,000

**Illinois Compiled Statutes
Legislature
Legislative Information System Act
25 ILCS 145/0.01 et seq.**

(25 ILCS 145/)

(25 ILCS 145/0.01)

Sec. 0.01. Short title. This Act may be cited as the Legislative Information System Act.
(Source: P.A. 86-1324.)

(25 ILCS 145/1)

Sec. 1. There is created the Legislative Information System, referred to in this Act as the "System", as a legislative support services agency subject to the Legislative Commission Reorganization Act of 1984.
(Source: P.A. 83-1257.)

(25ILCS 145/4)

Sec. 4. The Architect of the Capitol shall furnish the System with suitable office space in the legislative complex, as defined in the Legislative Commission Reorganization Act of 1984, situated in a location convenient to the chambers of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

The Secretary of State shall, as State librarian, cooperate with the System by making accessible to the System the library collection and providing, on a loan basis, such books, periodicals and other materials as relate to the purposes of this Act.
(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04.)

(25 ILCS 145/5)

Sec. 5. The System has the duties enumerated in the following Sections preceding Section 6.
(Source: P.A. 90-666, eff. 7-30-98.)

(25 ILCS 145/5.01)

Sec. 5.01. To establish offices of the System, to be open during normal business hours of State offices and at all times when either house of the General Assembly is in session and there to provide such written and printed materials and other services related to the purposes of this Act as the General Assembly may require.
(Source: P.A. 80-683.)

(25 ILCS 145/5.02)

Sec. 5.02. To review and coordinate the use of electronic data processing, microfilm or audiovisual techniques, or any combination thereof, for recording, storing, processing, transmitting, retrieving, reproducing or printing information for legislative purposes.
(Source: P.A. 80-683.)

(25 ILCS 145/5.03)

Sec. 5.03. To study and make recommendations concerning application of the techniques described in Section 5.02 to:

- (a) the preparation, drafting and printing of bills, of amendments and resolutions and of other legislative documents;
 - (b) the performance of the enrolling and engrossing functions;
 - (c) compilation and publication of the session laws;
 - (d) preparation and publication of an official revision of the statutes;
 - (e) preparation and publication of legislative journals and calendars;
 - (f) preparation, retrieval and publication of legislative summaries, digests, synopses and status reports;
 - (g) the recording and reporting of the proceedings of legislative committees, boards, commissions and other bodies; and
 - (h) the accumulation and analysis of fiscal, economic, population, social and related data for legislative research purposes.
- (Source: P.A. 80-683.)

(25 ILCS 145/5.04)

Sec. 5.04. To the extent of appropriations made for that purpose, to implement the recommendations made under Section 5.03.

(Source: P.A. 80-683.)

(25 ILCS 145/5.05)

Sec. 5.05. To provide such technical services, computer time, programming and systems, input-output devices and all necessary, related equipment, supplies and services as are required for data processing applications by the Legislative Reference Bureau, the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability, the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate in performing their respective duties for the General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 145/5.06)

Sec. 5.06. To the extent of appropriations made for that purpose, to provide other data processing services for the General Assembly and its committees, boards, bureaus and commissions.

(Source: P.A. 80-683.)

(25 ILCS 145/5.07)

Sec. 5.07. To make a biennial report to the General Assembly, by April 1 of each odd-numbered year, summarizing its accomplishments in the preceding 2 years and its recommendations, including any proposed legislation it considers necessary or desirable to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act, and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 145/5.08)

Sec. 5.08. The Legislative Information System shall maintain on its electronic data processing equipment the complete text of the Illinois Register and the Illinois Administrative Code created in compliance within the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act and cooperate with the Secretary of State and the Joint Committee on

Administrative Rules in making such computerized information available for use in publication of the Illinois Register and Illinois Administrative Code. The System, upon consultation with the Secretary of State and the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules, shall make available for sale to those who request it, including public and governmental entities or agencies, the computerized information of the Illinois Register and the Illinois Administrative Code created in compliance with the codification system prescribed by Section 5-80 of the Illinois Administrative Procedure Act. Equipment, programs, training and support necessary to maintain this system shall be under the control of the Legislative Information System.
(Source: P.A. 88-45; 88-535.)

(25 ILCS 145/5.09)

Sec. 5.09. Public computer access; legislative information. To make available to the public all of the following information in electronic form:

(1) On or before July 1, 1999, the weekly schedule of legislative floor sessions for each of the 2 houses of the General Assembly together with a list of matters pending before them and the weekly schedule of legislative committee hearings together with matters scheduled for their consideration.

(2) On or before July 1, 1999, a list of the committees of the General Assembly and their members.

(3) On or before July 1, 1999, the text of each bill and resolution introduced and of each engrossed, enrolled, and re-enrolled bill and resolution and the text of each adopted amendment and conference committee report.

(4) On or before July 1, 1999, a synopsis of items specified in paragraph (3) of this Section, together with a summary of legislative and gubernatorial actions regarding each bill and resolution introduced.

(5) On or before July 1, 1999, the Rules of the House and the Senate of the General Assembly.

(6) Before the conclusion of the Ninety-second General Assembly, the text of Public Acts.

(7) Before the conclusion of the Ninety-second General Assembly, the Illinois Compiled Statutes.

(8) Before the conclusion of the Ninety-second General Assembly, the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Illinois.

(9) Before the conclusion of the Ninety-second General Assembly, the text of the Illinois Administrative Code.

(10) Before the conclusion of the Ninety-second General Assembly, the most current issue of the Illinois Register published on or after the effective date of this amendatory Act of 1998.

(11) Any other information that the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services elects to make available.

The information shall be made available to the public through a website maintained by the System. The information may also be made available by any other means of access that would facilitate public access to the information.

Any documentation that describes the electronic digital formats of the information shall be made available through a website maintained by the System.

Personal information concerning a person who accesses this public information may be maintained only for the purpose of providing service to the person.

No fee or other charge may be imposed by the Legislative Information System as a condition of accessing the information, except that a reasonable fee may be charged for any customized services and shall be deposited into the General Assembly Computer Equipment Revolving Fund.

The electronic public access provided through the System's website shall be in addition to any other electronic or print distribution of the information.

Within one-year after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, to the extent practicable, the System shall use a free translation tool to enable translation into multiple languages of the information made available to the public through the website maintained by the System. The translation tool shall, at a minimum, translate the following content on the website maintained by the System: the home page; information regarding the members of the House of Representatives and the Senate, including, but not limited to, each member's biography, committee assignments, and sponsored bills; information regarding the membership of, bills assigned to, and meeting schedules of each standing and special committee of the House of Representatives and the Senate; information on the procedural status of each bill and resolution, together with any amendments thereto, and appointment message filed in the House of Representatives or the Senate, including both general information and user-selected information (through the "My Legislation" function or otherwise), but not including the synopsis or text of any bill or resolution, or any amendment thereto, or any appointment message, Public Act, or Executive Order; information regarding previous General Assemblies, not including the synopsis or text of any bill or resolution, or any amendment thereto, or any appointment message, Public Act, or Executive Order; contact information for the General Assembly, legislative support service agencies, and other related offices in the Capitol Complex; and information regarding access for persons with disabilities. The System may, in its discretion, provide for additional content to be translated. The languages available for translation shall be those provided by the translation tool. Before a user accesses translated information, the System shall ensure that a disclaimer is first displayed, stating that: the translated information is offered as a convenience and should not be considered accurate as to the translation of the text in question; and the English language version is the official and authoritative version of the text in question.

No action taken under this Section shall be deemed to alter or relinquish any copyright or other proprietary interest or entitlement of the State of Illinois relating to any of the information made available under this Section.

The information shall be made available as provided in this Section in the shortest practicable time after it is publicly available in any other form; provided that the System may make information available under this Section only if the availability in no way reduces the quality and timeliness of service available to and required under this Act for legislative users and does not unduly burden the General Assembly or its support services agencies. Failure to provide information under this Section does not affect the validity of any action of the General Assembly. The General Assembly and the State of Illinois are not liable for the accuracy, availability, or use of the information provided under this Section.

(Source: P.A. 100-320, eff. 8-24-17.)

(25 ILCS 145/6)

Sec. 6. Computer systems; private use; charges. In addition to the information made available by the Legislative Information System under Section 5.09, the System may make the computer systems under its jurisdiction available for use by private

persons or governmental entities or agencies, other than those legislative users specified in Section 5.06, if:

(a) such availability in no way reduces the quality of service available to and required under this Act for legislative users;

(b) the System, by resolution adopts rules and conditions regarding the offering of such services and specifies the charges to be made therefor. These charges may be based on usage of the services; and

(c) the System collects the appropriate charges for the services rendered. Those amounts shall be deposited in the General Assembly Computer Equipment Revolving Fund, a special fund which is hereby created in the State treasury. Monies in the Fund shall be appropriated to the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services for the purchase of computer equipment for the General Assembly and for related expenses and for other operational purposes of the General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 90-666, eff. 7-30-98.)

(25 ILCS 145/7)

Sec. 7. The System may request and shall be afforded the cooperation of all other State agencies, executive, legislative or judicial, in the gathering of information and its applications to accomplishing the purposes of this Act.

(Source: P.A. 80-683.)

(25 ILCS 145/8)

Sec. 8. The System may utilize the services of an advisory committee for conceptualization, design and implementation of applications considered or adopted by the System. The advisory committee shall be comprised of (a) 8 legislative staff assistants, 2 to be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, 2 by the Minority Leader thereof, 2 by the President of the Senate and 2 by the Minority Leader thereof, but at least one of the appointments by each legislative leader must be from the staff of legislative appropriation committees; (b) one professional staff member from the Legislative Reference Bureau, appointed by the Executive Director thereof; and one from the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability, appointed by the Executive Director thereof; and (c) the Executive Director of the Legislative Information System, who shall serve as temporary chairman of the advisory committee until a permanent chairman is chosen from among its members. Members of the advisory committee shall have no vote on the Joint Committee.

(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 145/9)

Sec. 9. Information regarding discrimination and harassment. The System shall establish a page for electronic public access on the General Assembly's website that provides information regarding discrimination and harassment, including, but not limited to:

(1) the name and contact information for the ethics officer for each caucus;

(2) the name and contact information for the Legislative Inspector General and information on how to file a complaint;

(3) a direct link to the website of the Department of Human Rights for harassment and discrimination and the Department's hotline phone number; and

(4) the name and contact information for the chief of staff for each legislative caucus leader.

A direct link to the page required by this Section shall be included on the front page of the General Assembly's website.
(Source: P.A. 100-588, eff. 6-8-18.)

LEGISLATURE

(25 ILCS 130/) Legislative Commission Reorganization Act of 1984.

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 1 heading)

ARTICLE 1.

(25 ILCS 130/1-1) (from Ch. 63, par. 1001-1)

Sec. 1-1. This Act shall be known and may be cited as the Legislative Commission Reorganization Act of 1984.

(Source: P.A. 83-1257.)

(25 ILCS 130/1-2) (from Ch. 63, par. 1001-2)

Sec. 1-2. The Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services, hereinafter called the "Joint Committee", is hereby created and shall be composed of the President and Minority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, all ex officio. Members shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses incurred in the performance of their duties under this Act. The Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services shall meet quarterly and at such other times as it determines necessary to perform its functions under this Act. Any action taken by such Joint Committee shall require the affirmative vote of at least 3 of the 4 members. The Joint Committee may appoint, retain, employ and fix the compensation of any necessary professional, technical and secretarial staff. The staff shall not be subject to the Personnel Code, but the Joint Committee shall adopt rules establishing personnel policies, including affirmative action, to assure equality of employment opportunity.

(Source: P.A. 83-1539.)

(25 ILCS 130/1-3) (from Ch. 63, par. 1001-3)

Sec. 1-3. Legislative support services agencies. The Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services is responsible for establishing general policy and coordinating activities among the legislative support services agencies. The legislative support services agencies include the following:

- (1) Joint Committee on Administrative Rules;
- (2) Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability;
- (3) Legislative Information System;
- (4) Legislative Reference Bureau;
- (5) Legislative Audit Commission;
- (6) Legislative Printing Unit;
- (7) (Blank); and
- (8) Office of the Architect of the Capitol.

(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/1-4) (from Ch. 63, par. 1001-4)

Sec. 1-4. In addition to its general policy making and coordinating responsibilities for the legislative support services agencies, the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services shall have the following powers and duties with respect to such agencies:

- (1) To approve the executive director pursuant to Section 1-5(e);
 - (2) To establish uniform hiring practices and personnel procedures, including affirmative action, to assure equality of employment opportunity;
 - (3) To establish uniform contract procedures, including affirmative action, to assure equality in the awarding of contracts, and to maintain a list of all contracts entered into;
 - (4) To establish uniform travel regulations and approve all travel outside the State of Illinois;
 - (5) To coordinate all leases and rental of real property;
 - (6) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, to coordinate and serve as the agency authorized to assign studies to be performed by any legislative support services agency. Any study requested by resolution or joint resolution of either house of the General Assembly shall be subject to the powers of the Joint Committee to allocate resources available to the General Assembly hereunder; provided, however, that nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the participation by public members in such studies or prohibit their reimbursement for reasonable and necessary expenses in connection therewith;
 - (7) To make recommendations to the General Assembly regarding the continuance of the various committees, boards and commissions that are the subject of the statutory provisions repealed March 31, 1985, under Article 11 of this Act;
 - (8) To assist the Auditor General as necessary to assure the orderly and efficient termination of the various committees, boards and commissions that are subject to Article 12 of this Act;
 - (9) To consider and make recommendations to the General Assembly regarding further reorganization of the legislative support services agencies, and other legislative committees, boards and commissions, as it may from time to time determine to be necessary;
 - (10) To consider and recommend a comprehensive transition plan for the legislative support services agencies, including but not limited to issues such as the consolidation of the organizational structure, centralization or decentralization of staff, appropriate level of member participation, guidelines for policy development, further reductions which may be necessary, and measures which can be taken to improve efficiency, and ensure accountability. To assist in such recommendations the Joint Committee may appoint an Advisory Group. Recommendations of the Joint Committee shall be reported to the members of the General Assembly no later than November 13, 1984. The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organization Act, and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act;
 - (11) To contract for the establishment of child care services pursuant to the State Agency Employees Child Care Services Act; and
 - (12) To use funds appropriated from the General Assembly Computer Equipment Revolving Fund for the purchase of computer equipment for the General Assembly and for related expenses and for other operational purposes of the General Assembly in accordance with Section 6 of the Legislative Information System Act.
- (Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/1-5) (from Ch. 63, par. 1001-5)

Sec. 1-5. Composition of agencies; directors.

(a) The Boards of the Joint Committee on Administrative Rules, the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability, and the Legislative Audit Committee shall each consist of 12 members of the General Assembly, of whom 3 shall be appointed by the President of the Senate, 3 shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate, 3 shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and 3 shall be appointed by the Minority Leader of the House of Representatives. All appointments shall be in writing and filed with the Secretary of State as a public record.

Members shall serve a 2-year term, and must be appointed by the Joint Committee during the month of January in each odd-numbered year for terms beginning February 1. Any vacancy in an Agency shall be filled by appointment for the balance of the term in the same manner as the original appointment. A vacancy shall exist when a member no longer holds the elected legislative office held at the time of the appointment or at the termination of the member's legislative service.

During the month of February of each odd-numbered year, the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services shall select from the members of the Board of each Agency 2 co-chairpersons and such other officers as the Joint Committee deems necessary. The co-chairpersons of each Board shall serve for a 2-year term, beginning February 1 of the odd-numbered year, and the 2 co-chairpersons shall not be members of or identified with the same house or the same political party.

Each Board shall meet twice annually or more often upon the call of the chair or any 9 members. A quorum of the Board shall consist of a majority of the appointed members.

(b) The Board of each of the following legislative support agencies shall consist of the Secretary and Assistant Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk and Assistant Clerk of the House of Representatives: the Legislative Information System, the Legislative Printing Unit, the Legislative Reference Bureau, and the Office of the Architect of the Capitol. The co-chairpersons of the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol shall be the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives, each ex officio.

The Chairperson of each of the other Boards shall be the member who is affiliated with the same caucus as the then serving Chairperson of the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services. Each Board shall meet twice annually or more often upon the call of the chair or any 3 members. A quorum of the Board shall consist of a majority of the appointed members.

When the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol has cast a tied vote concerning the design, implementation, or construction of a project within the legislative complex, as defined in Section 8A-15, the Architect of the Capitol may cast the tie-breaking vote.

(c) (Blank).

(d) Members of each Agency shall serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in carrying out the duties of the Agency pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services.

(e) Beginning February 1, 1985, and every 2 years thereafter, the Joint Committee shall select an Executive Director who shall be the chief executive officer and staff director of each Agency. The Executive Director shall receive a salary as fixed by the Joint Committee and shall be authorized to employ and fix the compensation of necessary professional, technical and secretarial staff and prescribe their duties, sign contracts, and issue vouchers for the payment of obligations pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services. The Executive Director and other employees of the Agency shall not be subject to the Personnel Code.

The executive director of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol shall be known as the Architect of the Capitol.

(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/1-6) (from Ch. 63, par. 1001-6)

Sec. 1-6. (Repealed).

(Source: P.A. 83-1257. Repealed by P.A. 89-657, eff. 8-14-96.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 2 heading)

ARTICLE 2.

(25 ILCS 130/2-1) (from Ch. 63, par. 1002-1)

Sec. 2-1. The Joint Committee on Administrative Rules is hereby established as a legislative support services agency. The Joint Committee on Administrative Rules is subject to the provisions of this Act and shall perform the powers and duties delegated to it under "The Illinois Administrative Procedure Act", as now or hereafter amended, and such other functions as may be provided by law.

(Source: P.A. 83-1257.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 3 heading)

ARTICLE 3.

(25 ILCS 130/3-1) (from Ch. 63, par. 1003-1)

Sec. 3-1. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability is hereby established as a legislative support services agency. The Commission is subject to the provisions of this Act and shall perform the powers and duties delegated to it under "An Act creating the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability", approved July 13, 1972, as amended, and such other functions as may be provided by law.

(Source: P.A. 93-1067, eff. 1-15-05.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 3A heading)

ARTICLE 3A

(25 ILCS 130/3A-1)

Sec. 3A-1. Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability; pension laws.

(a) The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall have the powers, duties, and functions that may be provided by law.

(b) The Commission shall make a continuing study of the laws and practices pertaining to pensions and related retirement and disability benefits for persons in State or local government service and their survivors and dependents, shall evaluate existing laws and practices, and shall review and make recommendations on proposed changes to those laws and practices.

(c) The Commission shall be responsible for the preparation of Pension Impact Notes as provided in the Pension Impact Note Act.

(d) The Commission shall report to the General Assembly annually or as it deems necessary or useful on the results of its studies and the performance of its duties.

(e) The Commission may request assistance from any other entity as necessary or useful for the performance of its duties.

(f) For purposes of the Successor Agency Act and Section 9b of the State Finance Act, the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability is the successor to the Pension Laws Commission. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability succeeds to and assumes all powers, duties, rights, responsibilities, personnel, assets, liabilities, and indebtedness of the Pension Laws Commission. Any reference in any law, rule, form, or other document to the Pension Laws Commission is deemed to be a reference to the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability.

(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04; 93-1067, eff. 1-15-05.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 4 heading)

ARTICLE 4.

(25 ILCS 130/4-1) (from Ch. 63, par. 1004-1)

Sec. 4-1. For purposes of the Successor Agency Act and Section 9b of the State Finance Act, the Legislative Research Unit is the successor to the Illinois Commission on Intergovernmental Cooperation. The Legislative Research Unit succeeds to and assumes all powers, duties, rights, responsibilities, personnel, assets, liabilities, and indebtedness of the Illinois Commission on Intergovernmental Cooperation. Any reference in any law, rule, form, or other document to the Illinois Commission on Intergovernmental Cooperation is deemed to be a reference to the Legislative Research Unit.

For purposes of the Successor Agency Act and Section 9b of the State Finance Act, on and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability is the successor to the Legislative Research Unit. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability succeeds to and assumes all powers, duties, rights, responsibilities, personnel, assets, liabilities, and indebtedness of the Legislative Research Unit with respect to the provisions of this Article 4.

(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/4-2) (from Ch. 63, par. 1004-2)

Sec. 4-2. Intergovernmental functions. It shall be the function of the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability:

(1) To carry forward the participation of this State as a member of the Council of State Governments.

(2) To encourage and assist the legislative, executive, administrative and judicial officials and employees of this State to develop and maintain friendly contact by correspondence, by conference, and otherwise, with officials and employees of the other States, of the Federal Government, and of local units of government.

(3) To endeavor to advance cooperation between this State and other units of government whenever it seems advisable to do so by formulating proposals for, and by facilitating:

(a) The adoption of compacts.

(b) The enactment of uniform or reciprocal statutes.

(c) The adoption of uniform or reciprocal administrative rules and regulations.

(d) The informal cooperation of governmental offices with one another.

(e) The personal cooperation of governmental officials and employees with one another individually.

(f) The interchange and clearance of research and information.

(g) Any other suitable process, and

(h) To do all such acts as will enable this State to do its part in forming a more perfect union among the various governments in the United States and in developing the Council of State Governments for that purpose.
(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/4-2.1)

Sec. 4-2.1. Federal program functions. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability is established as the information center for the General Assembly in the field of federal-state relations and as State Central Information Reception Agency for the purpose of receiving information from federal agencies under the United States Office of Management and Budget circular A-98 and the United States Department of the Treasury Circular TC-1082 or any successor circulars promulgated under authority of the United States Inter-governmental Cooperation Act of 1968. Its powers and duties in this capacity include, but are not limited to:

(a) Compiling and maintaining current information on available and pending federal aid programs for the use of the General Assembly and legislative agencies;

(b) Analyzing the relationship of federal aid programs with state and locally financed programs, and assessing the impact of federal aid programs on the State generally;

(c) Reporting annually to the General Assembly on the adequacy of programs financed by federal aid in the State, the types and nature of federal aid programs in which State agencies or local governments did not participate, and to make recommendations on such matters;

(d) Cooperating with the Governor's Office of Management and Budget and with any State of Illinois offices located in Washington, D.C., in obtaining information concerning federal grant-in-aid legislation and proposals having an impact on the State of Illinois;

(e) (Blank);

(f) Receiving from every State agency, other than

State colleges and universities, agencies of legislative and judicial branches of State government, and elected State executive officers not including the Governor, all applications for federal grants, contracts and agreements and notification of any awards of federal funds and any and all changes in the programs, in awards, in program duration, in schedule of fund receipts, and in estimated costs to the State of maintaining the program if and when federal assistance is terminated, or in direct and indirect costs, of any grant under which they are or expect to be receiving federal funds;

(g) (Blank); and

(h) Reporting such information as is received under subparagraph (f) to the President and Minority Leader of the Senate and the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives and their respective appropriation staffs and to any member of the General Assembly on a monthly basis at the request of the member.

The State colleges and universities, the agencies of the legislative and judicial branches of State government, and the elected State executive officers, not including the Governor, shall submit to the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability, in a manner prescribed by the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability, summaries of applications for federal funds filed and grants of federal funds awarded.

(Source: P.A. 103-616, eff. 7-1-24.)

(25 ILCS 130/4-3) (from Ch. 63, par. 1004-3)

Sec. 4-3. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall establish such committees as it deems advisable, in order that they may confer and formulate proposals concerning effective means to secure intergovernmental harmony, and may perform other functions for the Commission in obedience to its decision. Subject to the approval of the Commission, the member or members of each such committee shall be appointed by the co-chairmen of the Commission. State officials or employees who are not members of the Commission may be appointed as members of any such committee, but private citizens holding no governmental position in this State shall not be eligible. The Commission may provide such other rules as it considers appropriate concerning the membership and the functioning of any such committee. The Commission may provide for advisory boards for itself and for its various committees, and may authorize private citizens to serve on such boards.

(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/4-4)

Sec. 4-4. (Repealed)

(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18. Repealed by P.A. 103-299, eff. 6-30-23.)

(25 ILCS 130/4-5)

Sec. 4-5. (Repealed)

(Source: P.A. 83-1528. Repealed by P.A. 103-229, eff. 6-30-23.)

(25 ILCS 130/4-6) (from Ch. 63, par. 1004-6)

Sec. 4-6. (Repealed)

(Source: P.A. 83-1257. Repealed by P.A. 103-229, eff. 6-30-23)

(25 ILCS 130/4-7) (from Ch. 63, par. 1004-7)

Sec. 4-7. Sec. 4-7. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall report to the Governor and to the Legislature as it deems appropriate. The members of all committees which it establishes shall serve without compensation for such service, but they shall be paid their necessary expenses in carrying out their obligations under this Act. The Commission may by contributions to the Council of State Governments, participate with other states in maintaining the said Council's district and central secretariats, and its other governmental services.

The requirement for reporting to the General Assembly shall be satisfied by filing copies of the report with the Speaker, the Minority Leader and the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the President, the Minority Leader and the Secretary of the Senate, and filing such additional copies with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly as is required under paragraph (t) of Section 7 of the State Library Act.

(Source: P.A. 103-811, eff. 8-9-24.)

(25 ILCS 130/4-8) (from Ch. 63, par. 1004-8)

Sec. 4-8. The Council of State Governments is hereby declared to be a joint governmental agency of this State and of the other states which cooperate through it.
(Source: P.A. 83-1257.)

(25 ILCS 130/4-9) (from Ch. 63, par. 1004-9)

Sec. 4-9. (Repealed)

(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18. Repealed by P.A. 101-275, eff. 8-9-19.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 5 heading)

ARTICLE 5.

(25 ILCS 130/5-1) (from Ch. 63, par. 1005-1)

Sec. 5-1. The Legislative Information System is hereby established as a legislative support services agency. The Legislative Information System is subject to the provisions of this Act and shall perform the powers and duties delegated to it under "An Act in relation to a Legislative Information System", approved September 16, 1977, as amended, and such other functions as may be provided by law.
(Source: P.A. 83-1257.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 6 heading)

ARTICLE 6.

(25 ILCS 130/6-1) (from Ch. 63, par. 1006-1)

Sec. 6-1. The Legislative Reference Bureau is hereby established as a legislative support services agency. The Legislative Reference Bureau is subject to the provisions of this Act and shall perform the powers and duties delegated to it under "An Act to establish a joint legislative reference bureau and to define the powers and duties thereof", approved June 26, 1913, as amended, and such other functions as may be provided by law.
(Source: P.A. 83-1257.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 7 heading)

ARTICLE 7.

(25 ILCS 130/7-1) (from Ch. 63, par. 1007-1)

Sec. 7-1. The Legislative Audit Commission is hereby established as a legislative support services agency. The Legislative Audit Commission is subject to the provisions of this Act and shall exercise the powers and duties delegated to it under "An Act to create the Legislative Audit Commission and to define its powers and duties", approved June 19, 1957, as amended, and such other functions as may be provided by law.
(Source: P.A. 83-1257.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 8 heading)

ARTICLE 8.

(Article repealed by P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 8A heading)

ARTICLE 8A

(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-5)

Sec. 8A-5. Architect of the Capitol.

(a) The Architect of the Capitol must be an architect licensed under the Illinois Architecture Practice Act of 1989 and must have at least 5 years of experience in the field of architecture, historic preservation, or both.

(b) The offices of the Architect of the Capitol and his or her staff shall be located in Springfield, Illinois, in a building or facility occupied in whole or in part by the legislative branch.

(c) The Architect of the Capitol shall have the powers and duties provided by law and by the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol.

(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-10)

Sec. 8A-10. Capitol Historic Preservation Board.

(a) The Capitol Historic Preservation Board shall consist of 10 persons. One member shall be appointed by each of the following: the President and Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, the Governor, the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, the Chief Justice of the Illinois Supreme Court, and the Mayor of the City of Springfield. Knowledge and experience in the areas of architecture and historic preservation may be considered, in addition to other appropriate qualifications, in appointing members of the Board. In addition, the Executive Director of the Capital Development Board, ex officio, shall serve as a member.

(b) Appointed members of the Board shall serve 4-year terms, except that the members initially appointed by the President and Minority Leader of the Senate, the Speaker and Minority Leader of the House of Representatives, and the Governor shall serve 2-year terms. Members shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

(c) The Capitol Historic Preservation Board shall serve as an advisory body to the Architect of the Capitol and shall perform such advisory functions as provided by law or requested by the Architect of the Capitol or the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol.

(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-15)

Sec. 8A-15. Master plan.

a) The term "legislative complex" means (i) the buildings and facilities located in Springfield, Illinois, and occupied in whole or in part by the General Assembly or any of its support service agencies, (ii) the grounds, walkways, and pedestrian or utility tunnels surrounding or connected to those buildings and facilities, and (iii) the off-street parking areas serving those buildings and facilities, including parking lots D, DD, E, F, G, H, O, M, N, R, S, and the legislative parking garage located under parking lot O.

(b) The Architect of the Capitol shall prepare and implement a long-range master plan of development for the State Capitol Building, the remaining portions of the legislative

complex, and the land and State buildings and facilities within the area bounded by Washington, Third, Cook, and Walnut Streets and the land and State buildings and facilities within the area bounded by Madison, Klein, Mason, and Rutledge Streets that addresses the improvement, construction, historic preservation, restoration, maintenance, repair, and landscaping needs of these State buildings and facilities and the land. The Architect of the Capitol shall submit the master plan to the Capitol Historic Preservation Board for its review and comment. The Board must confine its review and comment to those portions of the master plan that relate to areas other than the State Capitol Building. The Architect may incorporate suggestions of the Board into the master plan. The master plan must be submitted to and approved by the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol before its implementation.

The Architect of the Capitol may change the master plan and shall submit changes in the master plan that relate to areas other than the State Capitol Building to the Capitol Historic Preservation Board for its review and comment. All changes in the master plan must be submitted to and approved by the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol before implementation.

(c) The Architect of the Capitol must review the master plan every 5 years or at the direction of the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol. Changes in the master plan resulting from this review must be made in accordance with the procedure provided in subsection (b).

(d) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the Architect of the Capitol has the sole authority to contract for all materials and services necessary for the implementation of the master plan. The Architect (i) may comply with the procedures established by the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services under Section 1-4 or (ii) upon approval of the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol, may, but is not required to, comply with a portion or all of the Illinois Procurement Code when entering into contracts under this subsection. The Architect's compliance with the Illinois Procurement Code shall not be construed to subject the Architect or any other entity of the legislative branch to the Illinois Procurement Code with respect to any other contract.

The Architect may enter into agreements with other State agencies for the provision of materials or performance of services necessary for the implementation of the master plan.

State officers and agencies providing normal, day-to-day repair, maintenance, or landscaping or providing security, commissary, utility, parking, banking, tour guide, event scheduling, or other operational services for buildings and facilities within the legislative complex immediately prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly shall continue to provide that normal, day-to-day repair, maintenance, or landscaping or those services on the same basis, whether by contract or employees, that the repair, maintenance, landscaping, or services were provided immediately prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 93rd General Assembly, subject to the provisions of the master plan and with the approval of or as otherwise directed by the Architect of the Capitol.

(e) The Architect of the Capitol shall monitor and approve all construction, preservation, restoration, maintenance, repair, and landscaping work in the legislative complex and implementation of the master plan, as well as activities that alter the historic integrity of the legislative complex and the other land and State buildings and facilities in the master plan.

(f) The Architect of the Capitol shall be given notice of any bid for or contract of services related to the legislative complex. Prior to final execution of any contract for services, the Architect of the Capitol shall be given an opportunity to review and approve the contract and give any necessary input. As used in this subsection, "services" means

any maintenance, removal of refuse, or delivery of utilities to the legislative complex.
(Source: P.A. 102-699, eff. 4-19-22.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-20)

Sec. 8A-20. Legislative complex space allocation. The Architect of the Capitol has the power and duty, subject to direction by the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol, to make space allocations for the use of the General Assembly and its related agencies, except the Supreme Court Building and the Fourth District Appellate Court Building. This allocation of space includes, but is not limited to, office, conference, committee, and parking space.

(Source: P.A. 102-699, eff. 4-19-22.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-21)

Sec. 8A-21. Mothers' lactation and wellness room. The Architect of the Capitol, in conjunction with the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol and the Secretary of State, shall designate at least one mothers' lactation and wellness room in the State Capitol Building, the Howlett Building, and the Stratton Building.

(Source: P.A. 100-1002, eff. 8-21-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-25)

Sec. 8A-25. Historic items. In addition to any property control activities required by law, the Architect of the Capitol shall maintain an inventory and registry of all historic items in the legislative complex. The Architect may purchase or accept donations of historic items for use or display in the legislative complex.

(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-30)

Sec. 8A-30. Acquisition of land; contract review. The Architect of the Capitol, upon the approval of the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol, may acquire land in Springfield, Illinois, within the area bounded by Washington, Third, Cook, and Walnut Streets and the land and State buildings and facilities within the area bounded by Madison, Klein, Mason, and Rutledge Streets for the purpose of providing space for the operation and expansion of the legislative complex or other State facilities. The Architect of the Capitol must review and either approve or disapprove all contracts for the repair, rehabilitation, construction, or alteration of all State buildings within the bounded area, except the Supreme Court Building and the Fourth District Appellate Court Building.

(Source: P.A. 102-699, eff. 4-19-22.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-35)

Sec. 8A-35. Capitol Restoration Trust Fund; appropriations.

(a) The Capitol Restoration Trust Fund is created as a special fund within the State treasury. The Fund may accept deposits from any source, whether private or public, and may be appropriated only for the use of the Architect of the Capitol in the performance of his or her powers and duties. The Architect of the Capitol may seek private and public funds for deposit into the Capitol Restoration Trust Fund.

(b) The Architect of the Capitol shall submit all budget requests to implement the master plan that relate to areas of the legislative complex other than the State Capitol Building to the Capitol Historic Preservation Board for review and comment. The Architect of the Capitol shall submit all budget requests to the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol for approval.

(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-40)

Sec. 8A-40. Annual report. The Architect of the Capitol annually shall report to the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol, the Capitol Historic Preservation Board, and the appointing authorities of the Capitol Historic Preservation Board. The report shall summarize (i) the master plan, (ii) the master plan projects completed since the previous annual report, (iii) the projects, and their estimated costs, proposed or approved for the next 5 years under the master plan, and (iv) the amount and sources of moneys deposited into the Capitol Restoration Trust Fund from sources other than the State since the previous annual report.

(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-45)

Sec. 8A-45. State agency cooperation. The Architect of the Capitol may request and shall receive the cooperation of any State officer or agency in the performance of the Architect's powers and duties.

(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-50)

Sec. 8A-50. Rules. The Architect of the Capitol may promulgate rules necessary for the performance of his or her powers and duties, subject to approval by the Board of the Office of the Architect of the Capitol.

(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04.)

(25 ILCS 130/8A-55)

Sec. 8A-55. Successor agency. For purposes of the Successor Agency Act and Section 9b of the State Finance Act, the Office of the Architect of the Capitol is the successor to the Space Needs Commission. The Office of the Architect of the Capitol succeeds to and assumes all powers, duties, rights, responsibilities, personnel, assets, liabilities, and indebtedness of the Space Needs Commission. Any reference in any law, rule, form, or other document to the Space Needs Commission is deemed to be a reference to the Office of the Architect of the Capitol.

(Source: P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 9 heading)

ARTICLE 9.

(25 ILCS 130/9-1) (from Ch. 63, par. 1009-1)

Sec. 9-1. The Legislative Printing Unit is hereby established as a legislative support services agency. The Legislative Printing Unit is subject to the provisions of this Act, and shall exercise the powers and duties delegated to it herein and such other functions as may be provided by law.

(Source: P.A. 83-1257.)

(25 ILCS 130/9-2) (from Ch. 63, par. 1009-2)

Sec. 9-2. The Legislative Printing Unit shall provide printing services to members of the General Assembly, legislative committees and commissions and other legislative agencies in accordance with policies established by the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services and with reasonable rules promulgated by the Legislative Printing Unit. The Printing Unit may also provide emergency printing services to other State agencies subject to the prior approval of the Department of Central Management Services. The Legislative Printing Unit may make and collect reasonable charges for such services and shall pay any amounts so collected into the General Revenue Fund in the State Treasury. (Source: P.A. 83-1257.)

(25 ILCS 130/9-2.5)

Sec. 9-2.5. Newsletters and brochures. The Legislative Printing Unit may not print for any member of the General Assembly any newsletters or brochures during the period beginning February 1 of the year of a general primary election, except that in 2022 the period shall begin on May 15, 2022, and ending the day after the general primary election and during a period beginning September 1 of the year of a general election and ending the day after the general election. A member of the General Assembly may not mail, during a period beginning February 1 of the year of a general primary election, except that in 2022 the period shall begin on May 15, 2022, and ending the day after the general primary election and during a period beginning September 1 of the year of a general election and ending the day after the general election, any newsletters or brochures that were printed, at any time, by the Legislative Printing Unit, except that such a newsletter or brochure may be mailed during those times if it is mailed to a constituent in response to that constituent's inquiry concerning the needs of that constituent or questions raised by that constituent. (Source: P.A. 102-668, eff. 11-15-21; 102-692, eff. 1-7-22.)

(25 ILCS 130/9-3) (from Ch. 63, par. 1009-3)

Sec. 9-3. All paper purchased for printing purposes by the Legislative Printing Unit shall have 50% recycled content except when sufficient quantities are not available or cannot be provided in a timely manner as determined by the Executive Director of the Legislative Printing Unit. (Source: P.A. 87-474.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 10 heading)

ARTICLE 10.

(25 ILCS 130/10-1) (from Ch. 63, par. 1010-1)

Sec. 10-1. The Legislative Research Unit is hereby established as a legislative support services agency until the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly. The Legislative Research Unit is subject to the provisions of this Act, and shall exercise the powers and duties delegated to it herein and such other functions as may be provided by law.

For purposes of the Successor Agency Act and Section 9b of the State Finance Act, on and after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly, the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability is the successor to the Legislative Research Unit. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability succeeds to and assumes all powers, duties, rights, responsibilities,

personnel, assets, liabilities, and indebtedness of the Legislative Research Unit with respect to the provisions of this Article 10.
(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/10-2) (from Ch. 63, par. 1010-2)

Sec. 10-2. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall collect information concerning the government and general welfare of the State, examine the effects of constitutional provisions and previously enacted statutes, consider important issues of public policy and questions of state-wide interest, and perform research and provide information as may be requested by the members of the General Assembly or as the Joint Committee on Legislative Support Services considers necessary or desirable.

The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall maintain an up-to-date computerized record of the information required to be reported to it by Section 1 of "An Act concerning State boards and commissions and amending a named Act", enacted by the 86th General Assembly, which information shall be a public record under The Freedom of Information Act. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability may prescribe forms for making initial reports and reports of change under that Section, and may request information to verify compliance with that Section.
(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/10-3) (from Ch. 63, par. 1010-3)

Sec. 10-3. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability may administer a legislative staff internship program in cooperation with a university in the State designated by the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability.
(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/10-4) (from Ch. 63, par. 1010-4)

Sec. 10-4. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability, upon the recommendation of the sponsoring committee, shall recruit, select, appoint, fix the stipends of, and assign interns to appropriate officers and agencies of the General Assembly for the pursuit of education, study or research. Such persons shall be appointed for internships not to exceed 12 months.
(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/10-5) (from Ch. 63, par. 1010-5)

Sec. 10-5. The Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability may accept monetary gifts or grants from a charitable foundation or from a professional association or from other reputable sources for the operation of a legislative staff internship program. Such gifts and grants may be held in trust by the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability and expended for operating the program. Expenses of operating the program may also be paid out of funds appropriated to the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability or to the General Assembly, its officers, committees or agencies.
(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/10-6) (from Ch. 63, par. 1010-6)

Sec. 10-6. Each quarter of the calendar year the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall prepare and provide to each member of the General

Assembly abstracts and indexes of reports filed with it as reports to the General Assembly. With such abstracts and indexes the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall include a convenient form by which each member of the General Assembly may request, from the State Government Report Distribution Center in the State Library, copies of such reports as the member may wish to receive. For the purpose of receiving reports filed under this Section the Commission on Government Forecasting and Accountability shall succeed to the powers and duties formerly exercised by the Legislative Council.
(Source: P.A. 100-1148, eff. 12-10-18.)

(25 ILCS 130/Art. 11A heading)

ARTICLE 11A.

(Article repealed by P.A. 93-632, eff. 2-1-04)

